

# Image Reconstruction

*Parallel Imaging /  
Coil Compression / k-t Sampling*

M229 Advanced Topics in MRI

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## Class Business

- Final project abstract / presentation
- Office hours
  - Instructors: Fri 10-12 noon
  - email beforehand would be helpful

# Today's Topics

- Parallel Imaging
  - SMASH review
  - Auto-SMASH
  - GRAPPA
- Coil compression
- k-t BLAST / k-t SENSE

## SMASH Review

- The linear combination of coil sensitivities looks like sinusoids:

$$e^{-i2\pi(m\Delta k_y)y} = \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} C_j(y)$$

- Once we have  $a_{j,m}$ ,

$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \int_y m(y) e^{-i2\pi k_y y} e^{-2\pi(m\Delta k_y)y} dy$$
$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \int_y m(y) e^{-i2\pi k_y y} \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} C_j(y) dy$$

# SMASH Review

$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \int_y m(y) e^{-i2\pi k_y y} \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} C_j(y) dy$$

$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} \int_y C_j(y) m(y) e^{-i2\pi k_y y} dy$$

$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} m_j(k_y)$$

# Auto-SMASH

- Estimate  $a_{j,m}$  directly

calibration

$$\hat{m}(k_y + m\Delta k_y) = \sum_{j=0}^{L-1} a_{j,m} m_j(k_y)$$

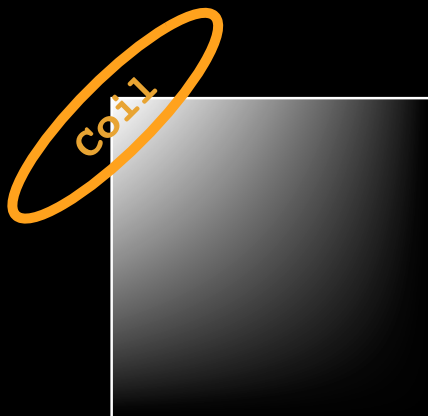
synthesis

- Solve for  $a_{j,m}$  from calibration data & synthesize the missing data with  $a_{j,m}$

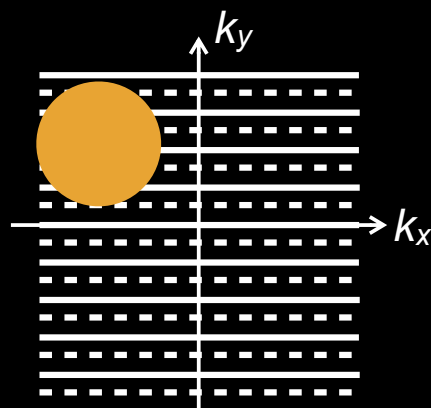
# Parallel Imaging (GRAPPA)

## GRAPPA

- Coil sensitivities are
  - local in image space
  - extended in k-space



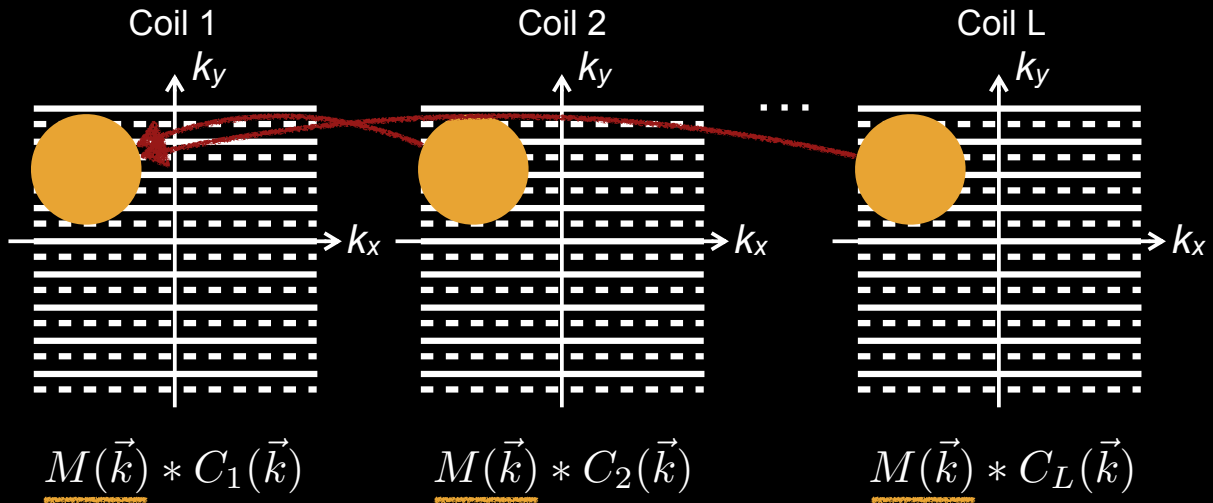
$$m(\vec{x})C_j(\vec{x})$$



$$M(\vec{k}) * C_j(\vec{k})$$

# GRAPPA

- Missing information is implicitly contained by adjacent data



## GRAPPA Reconstruction

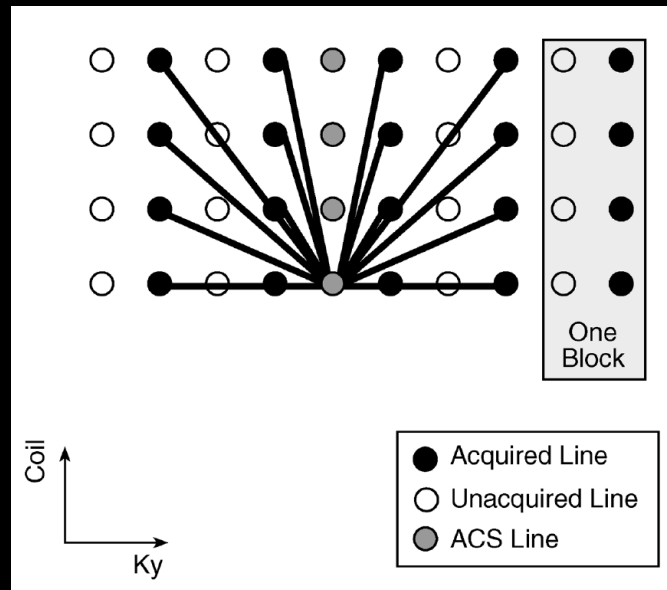
- How do we find missing data from these samples?

$$\hat{m}_k(k_x, k_y) = \sum_{i,j,k} a_{i,j,k} \cdot m_k(k_x + i\Delta k_x, k_y + j\Delta k_y)$$

missing data for each coil      weights      neighborhood data for each coil

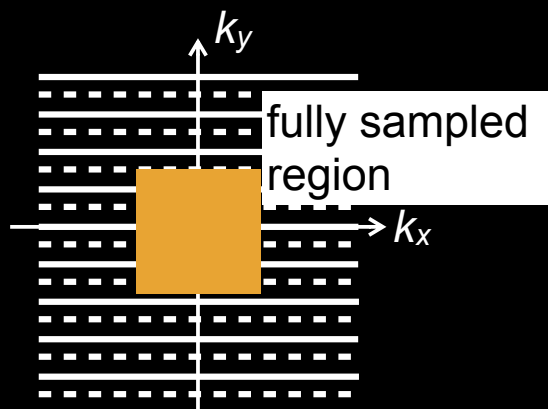
# Auto-Calibration

$$\hat{m}_k(k_x, k_y) = \sum_{i,j,k} a_{i,j,k} \cdot m_k(k_x + i\Delta k_x, k_y + j\Delta k_y)$$



# Auto-Calibration

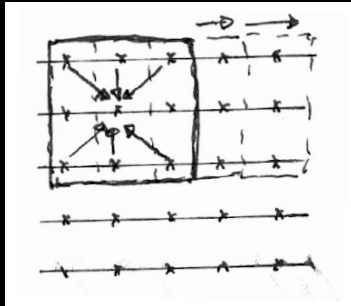
- Assume there is a fully sampled region
- We have samples of what the GRAPPA synthesis equations should produce



- Invert this to solve for GRAPPA weights

# Auto-Calibration

- Calibration area has to be larger than the GRAPPA kernel
- Each shift of kernel gives another equation



- Here, 3x3 kernel, 5x5 calibration area gives 9 equations

# Auto-Calibration

$$\hat{m}_k(k_x, k_y) = \sum_{i,j,k} a_{i,j,k} \cdot m_k(k_x + i\Delta k_x, k_y + j\Delta k_y)$$

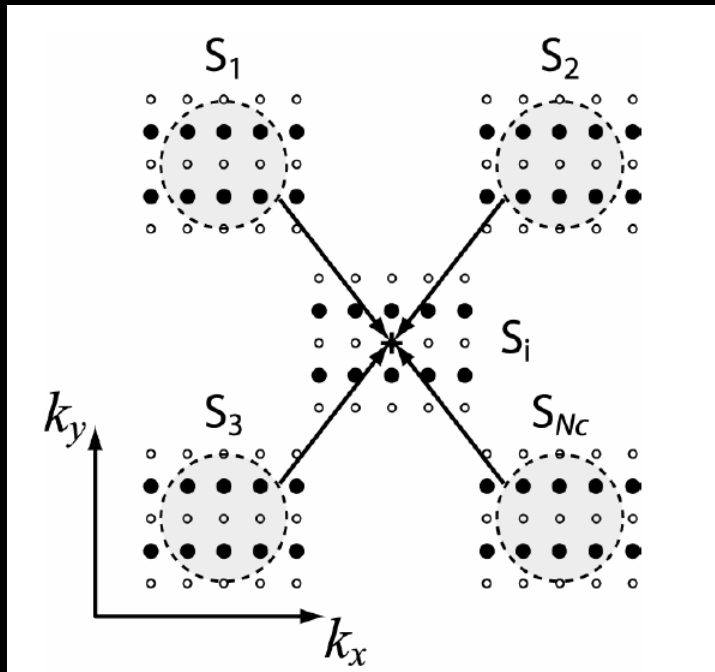
- Write as a matrix equation

$$\underbrace{M_{k,c}}_{\text{Calibration Data}} = \underbrace{M_A}_{\text{GRAPPA Coefficients}} \cdot \underbrace{a_k}_{\text{Neighborhood Data}}$$

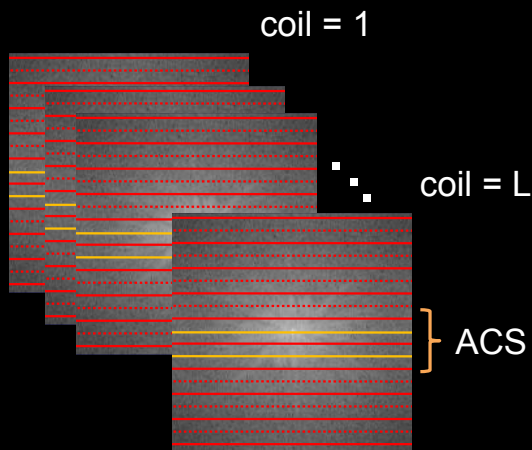
- GRAPPA weights are:

$$a_k = (M_A^* M_A + \lambda I)^{-1} M_A^* M_{k,c}$$

# GRAPPA - Synthesis



# Auto-Calibration Parallel Imaging



ACS (Auto-Calibration Signal) lines

$$\sum_{l=1}^L S_l^{ACS}(k_y - m\Delta k_y) = \sum_{l=1}^L n(l, m) S_l(k_y)$$

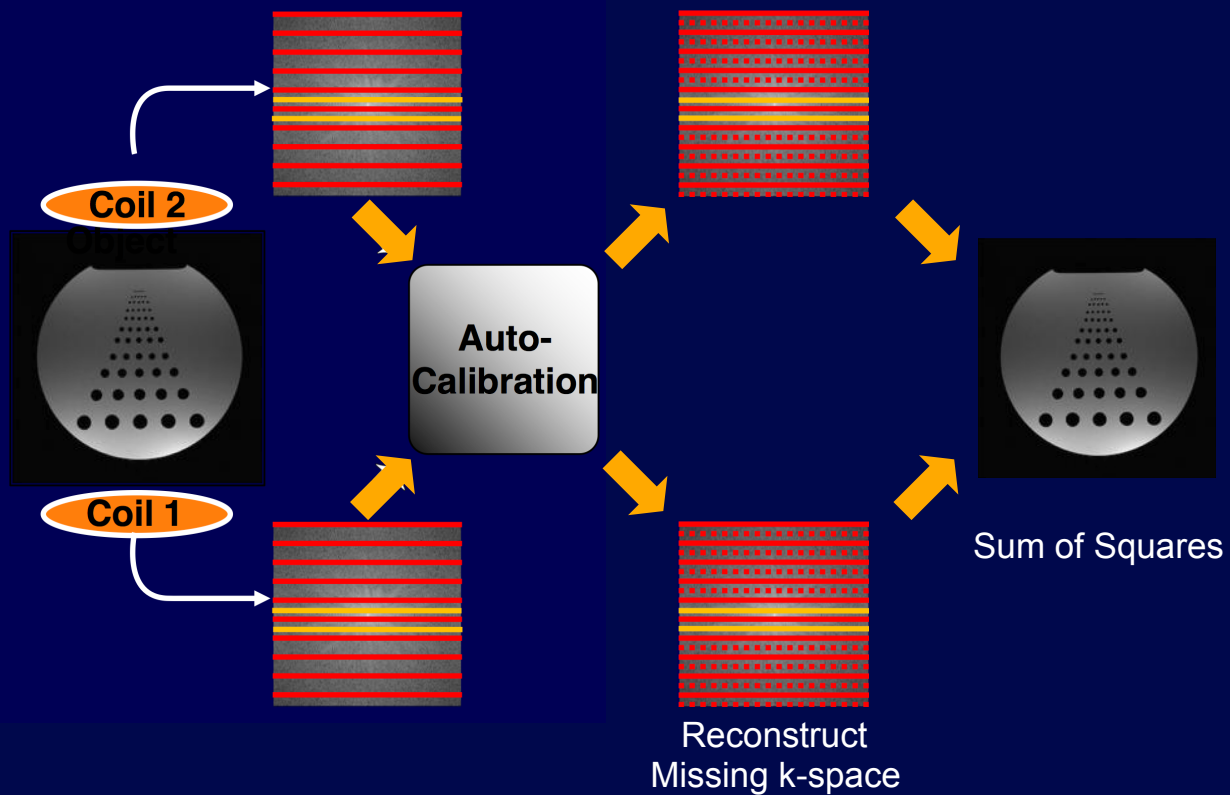
GRAPPA formula to reconstruct signal in one channel

$$S_j(k_y - m\Delta k_y) = \sum_{l=1}^L \sum_{b=0}^{N_b-1} n(j, b, l, m) S_l(k_y - bA\Delta k_y)$$

A: Acceleration factor  
 $n(j, b, l, m)$ : GRAPPA weights



# GRAPPA Reconstruction

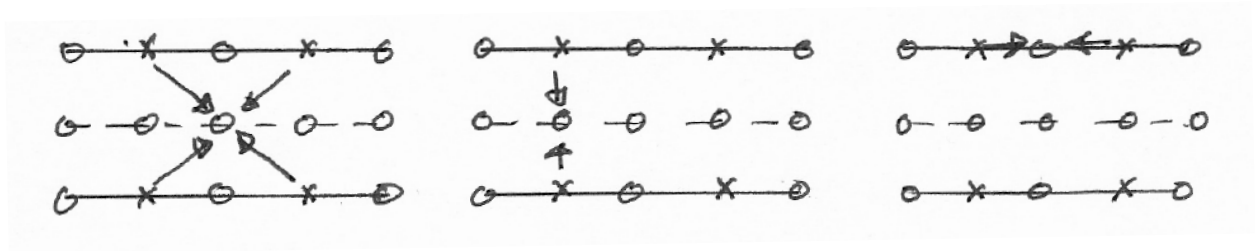


## GRAPPA

- Compute GRAPPA weights from calibration region
- Compute missing k-space data using the GRAPPA weights
- Reconstruct individual coil images
- Combine coil images

# Considerations of GRAPPA

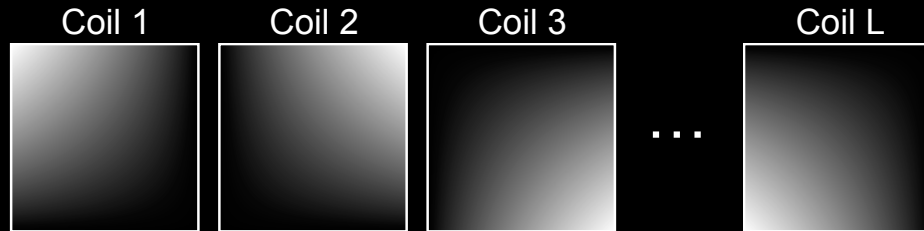
- Calibration region size
- GRAPPA kernel size
- Sample geometry dependence



## Coil Compression

# Coil Compression

- Array coil sensitivities



- Each coil sees a local region
- Not clear how much acceleration is possible
  - g-factor hits a wall at 3-4 in 1D, why?
  - What is the fundamental dimensionality?

# Eigen Coils

- Make a matrix of vectorized sensitivity maps

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ C_1(\vec{x}) & C_2(\vec{x}) & C_3(\vec{x}) \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix}$$

- The matrix  $C^*C$  shows the correlation between channels

# Eigen Coils

- Compute the eigen decomposition of  $C^*C$

$$C^*C = BDB^*$$

- B is a unitary matrix of eigenvectors

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & & 0 \\ & \lambda_2 & \\ 0 & & \ddots \\ & & & \lambda_L \end{pmatrix}$$

- Diagonal matrix of eigenvalues

# Eigen Coils

- $B^*C^*CB = D$   
 $C'$

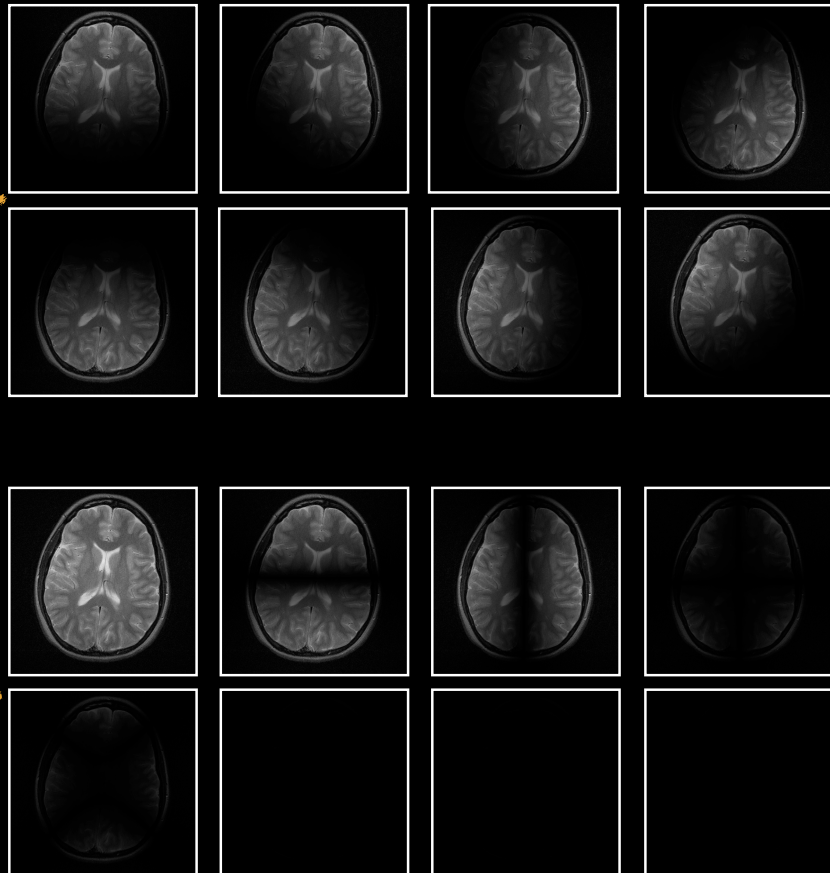
- $C' = CB$

- $\lambda_i$  tells you how much energy is in each eigen coil channel
- These eigen coils drop off rapidly, telling how many independent channel you have

# MATLAB Demo

```
load brain_mcoil.mat  
  
[nx, ny, nc] = size(im);  
  
C = reshape(im,nx*ny,nc);  
  
[B, D] = eig(C'*C);  
  
C_hat = C*B;  
  
C_hat = reshape(C_hat,nx,ny,nc);
```

eigen  
coil



## Coil Compression

- Use the eigen coil basis to reduce the size of your parallel imaging reconstruction
- $M$  is a matrix of the vectorized aliased data, compute

$$M' = MB$$

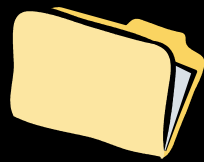
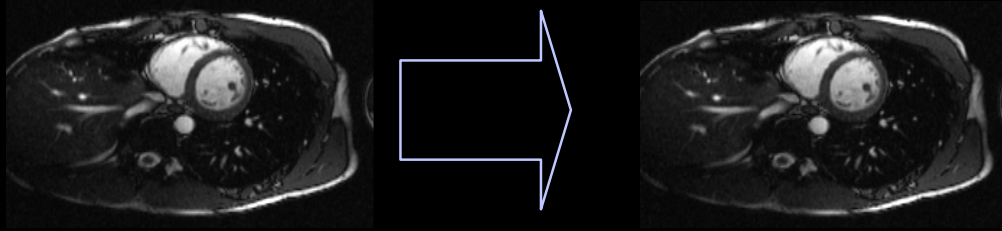
- the data rotated into the eigen coil space
- only keep the columns of  $M'$  that have significant eigen coils
- Reconstruct using eigen coils  $C'$

## k-t Acceleration

# Background

*Information redundancy*

*“loss-less” compression*



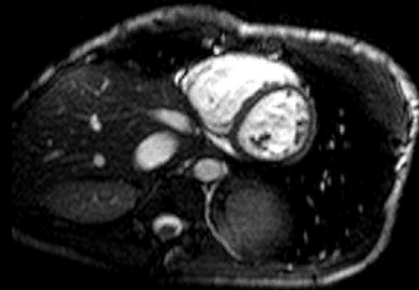
*800 kBytes*



*40 kBytes*

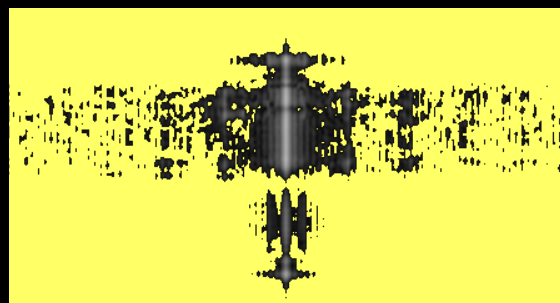
# Principles

*x-t space*



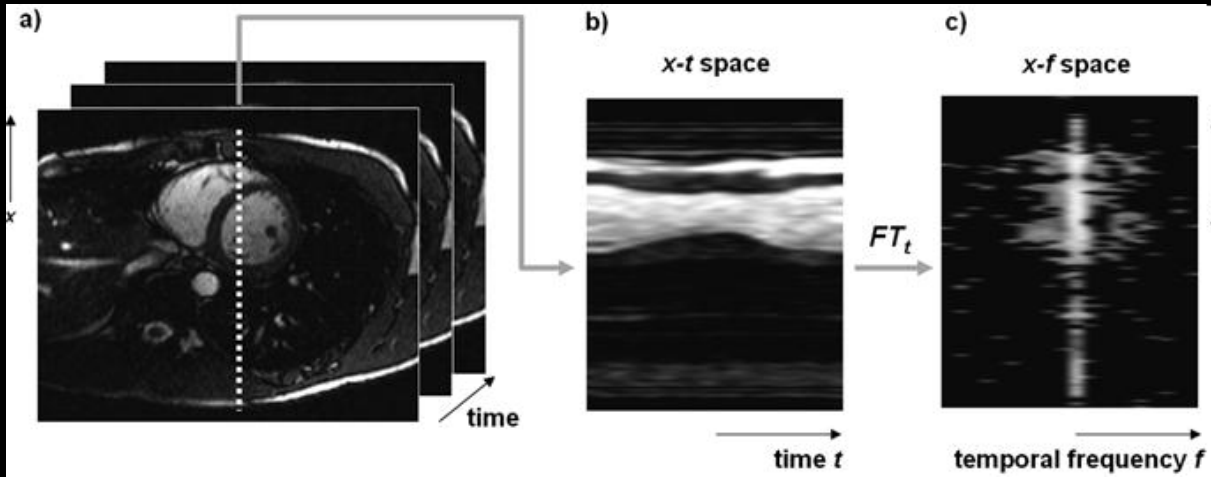
*↕ FT in time*

*x-f space*

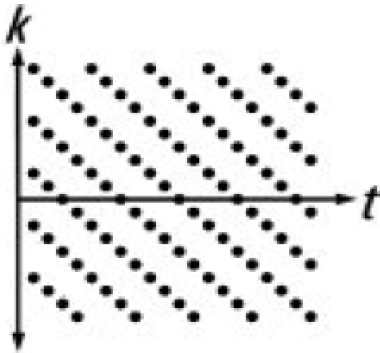


# Principles

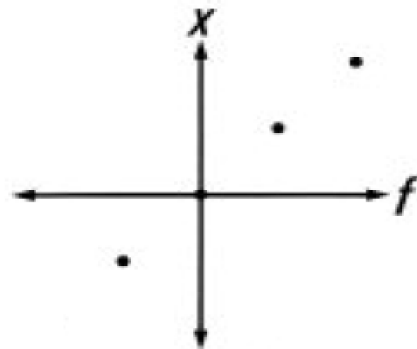
- Sparse representation in x-f space



k-t sampling pattern for R=4

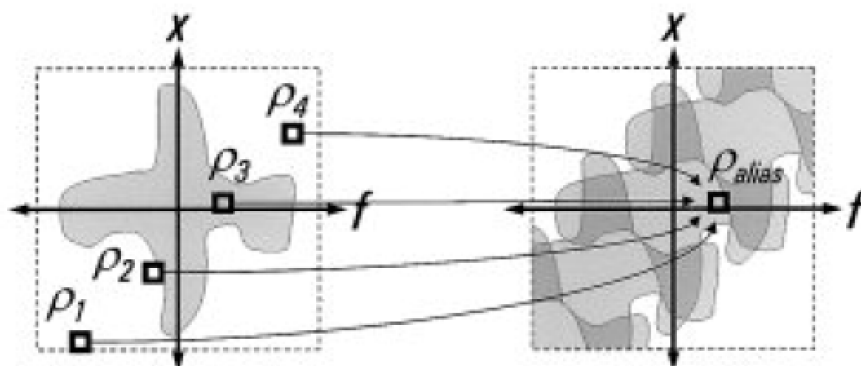


PSF in x-f space

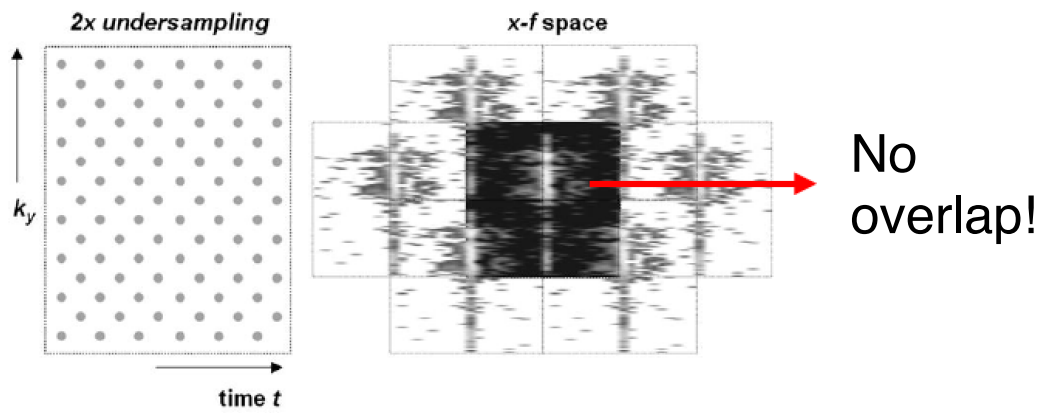


Fully-sampled

Undersampled

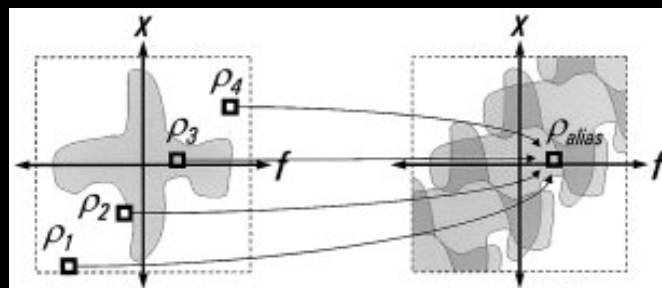






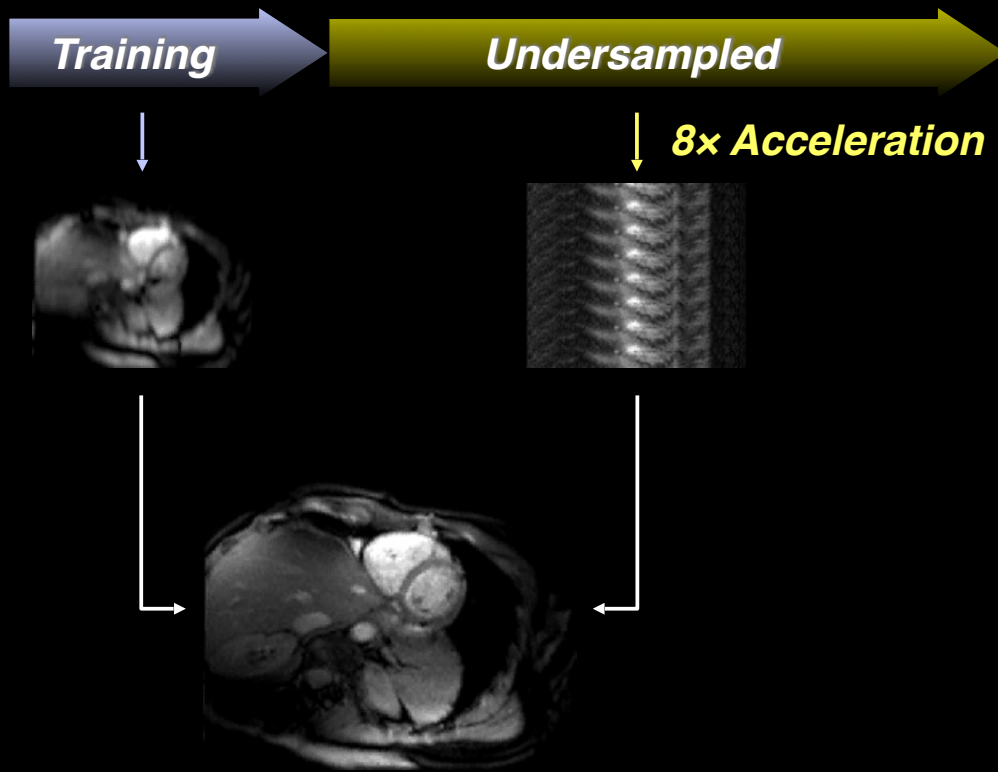
## k-t BLAST

- Exploit the reduced signal overlap in x-f space produced by interleaved k-t sampling
- Reconstruction: unfold the x-f representation



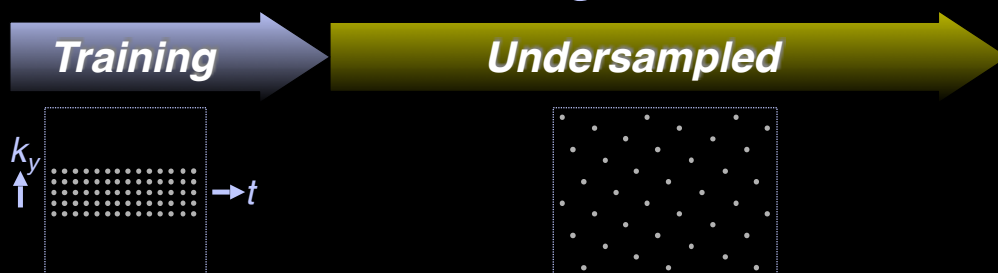
What about if we have an estimation of signal magnitudes in the x-f domain?

# Method: k-t BLAST

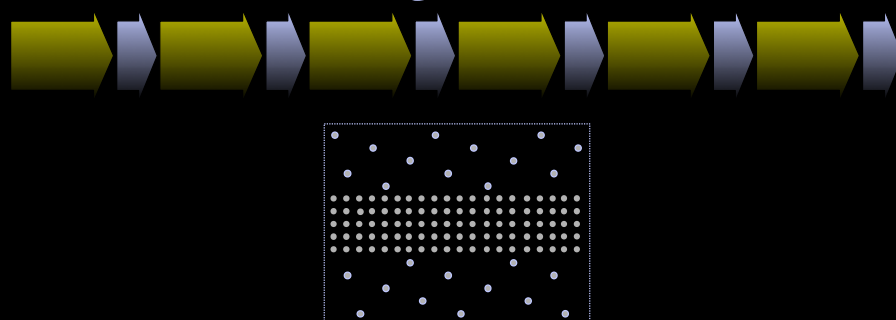


# Method: k-t BLAST

## Non-interleaved training



## Interleaved training



# Method: k-t BLAST / k-t SENSE

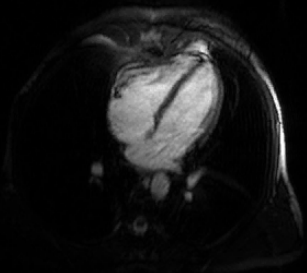
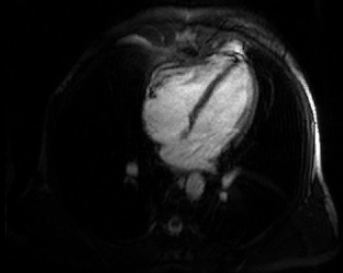
**k-t BLAST**  
1 coil



**k-t BLAST**  
Multi-coil + Coil sensitivities



**k-t SENSE**  
Multi-coil

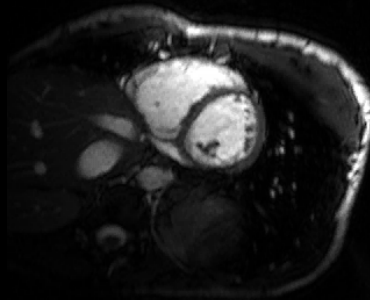
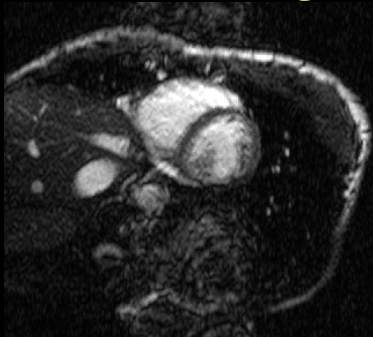


8x acceleration

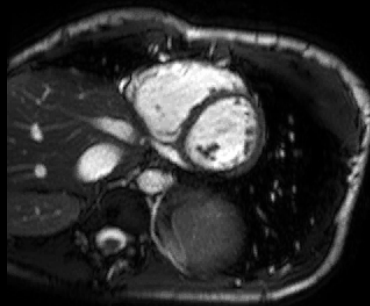
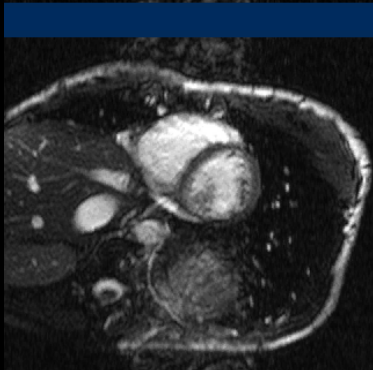
Flexible tradeoff for **arbitrary** number of **coils**

**View sharing**

**k-t BLAST / k-t SENSE**



**8x k-t BLAST**  
1 coil



**8x k-t SENSE**  
5 coils



# Thanks!

- Next time
  - Compressed Sensing

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